

THE WORLD OVER

ALBERTA GOVERNMENT MAY
ESTABLISH PROVINCIAL BANK

Making provision for establishment of a provincial bank with which the province could carry on the ordinary business of a central bank and issue credit to the people of the province, Hon. Charles Cockroft, Provincial Treasurer, introduced a resolution in the legislature on Monday.

Interviewed on the resolution outside the chamber, Premier Aberhart said that it would be done toward establishment of a bank this year, as a petition would have to be submitted to parliament and a private bill passed through.

As parliament was now in session, nothing could be done this year.

**BRUNO RICHARD HAUPTMAN
PAYS THE SUPREME PENALTY**

TRENTON, N.J.—Bruno Richard Hauptman walked to the electric chair last Friday night, April 3, and died in silence for the murder of Col. A.C. Lindbergh's baby. His face was gray but his limbs were firm and he needed no help as he went briskly to the chair.

Col. Mark O. Kimberling, prison warden, said he made no confession to the crime which he had maintained throughout that he did not commit.

Three charges of electricity were given and the man was pronounced dead by six physicians at 8:50 o'clock p.m.

Did You Get It in Carbon?



15¢ OFF HALF-PINTS—

25¢ OFF QUARTS—

50¢ OFF HALF-GALLS—

GET YOUR COUPONS FOR DISCOUNTS AT

BUILDERS' HDWE. STORES
—LIMITED—

A. Klassen, Mgr. Phone 3, Carbon

Brin's In Your Car or Tractor for an Overhaul
PRICES REASONABLE AND WORK GUARANTEED

CARBON AUTO SERVICE

ANDREW BUYER, Proprietor

Our idea of a clever girl is one who can make her complexion taste as good as it looks.

To Look Your Best, Know Your Type, and Use the Correct Shades of Powder, Rouge and Lipstick.

CONSULT OUR—

JASMINE OF SOUTHERN FRANCE COMPLEXION ANALYSIS
AND MAKE-UP CHART

A Complete Stock of Jasmine Toilettries Always on hand.
Don't Forget to Procure your Easter Chocolates and Egg Dye Now

McKIBBIN'S DRUG STORE

A.F. MCKIBBIN, PHM. B., Prescription Specialist, CARBON, ALTA.

The Carbon Chronicle

VOLUME 15; NUMBER 10

CARBON, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1936

\$2.00 A YEAR; 5¢ A COPY

Good Crowd Attends C.G.I.T. Amateur Program

Performing before a full house, the C.G.I.T. Amateur Program was presented in the Farmers' Exchange Hall on Monday night, and patrons were well pleased with the entertainment provided.

The program opened with a drill by the girls of the senior C.G.I.T., and was followed by the singing of "O Canada." The entire cast of amateur performers, who officially opened with Charlie Smith taking the part of Major Bowers, while Johnnie Spence fulfilled the role of Graham.

The program opened with a drill by the girls of the senior C.G.I.T., and was followed by the singing of "O Canada." The entire cast of amateur performers, who officially opened with Charlie Smith taking the part of Major Bowers, while Johnnie Spence fulfilled the role of Graham.

Mr. C. I. MacGregor and Miss K. Watkins acted as pianists.

The following program was carried to the enjoyment of the audience:

Music—"Thank You Very Much" by Martha Reiter.

Song and Guitar accompaniment, "Pete Knight," by Master Saller.

Tap Dance, by Marilyn Hay.

Girls Duet, "Waltz You Saw for Me," by Irene Grenier and Irene Taylor.

Music—"I'm Away Graham," and Graham took it away!!

Guitar and mouth organ selection, "Moonlight Waltz," by Ed Pearson and Gordon Ward.

Song, "An Old Fashioned Song," by Mabel Ruby Embree.

Tap Dance, by Betty Willson, Margaret MacGregor and Joyce Lane Milligan.

Song, "Treasure Island," by Vera Oliphant, a song event.

Monologue, by Marion Tornack.

Song, "On the Good Ship Lollipop" by Kathleen Reid.

(OK. Graham) and Johnnie Spence.

**SALES UNDER 15 CENTS
TO BE TAX FREE**

Exemption of 15 cent or aggregate purchases from the 2 per cent ultimate purchasers sales tax was given by the Alberta Legislature. This is the first step of the whole, on a motion of Hon. Charles Cockroft, Provincial Treasurer.

The committee, at the Minister's suggestion, added sugar and flour to the list of exemptions.

Tobacco and liquor are exempt as the right of such taxation on these rests with the Dominion.

LIKELY TO START ON LARGE ROADS PROGRAM IN JUNE

EDMONTON—Hope that by June 1 next, the province would at least be able to make a start on a proposed comprehensive 1000 miles of hard surfacing roads program, was expressed in the legislature Monday by Hon. H. A. Fellow, Minister of Public Works.

The matter was mentioned by Hon. J. Bowlen, Liberal House leader. In reply the minister said that it was hoped to make a start by June 1, and that the program would be spread over a five-year period.

Buy Your Needs in Carbon!

again "took it away."

Song, "Wedding of Jack and Jill," by Henry Wilson.

Si Hopkins' Orchestra, a kazoo band with Marjorie McCracken, Betty McQuade, Edna Trumbley, Ruby Embree, Margaret Whetstone, and Miley Hunt.

Music, "I'm a Little Teapot," by Marion Foxon, and Donald Williams.

"Mike and Ike" a song number, by Ellen Trumbley and Ruby Embree.

Negro Impersonation, by Lea Trepamer, with Leona Gervais at the piano.

Graham again had his say.

Popeye, by Bernard Stanfield.

Song and guitar accompaniment, by Eddie Ives.

Tap Duet, by Marion and Elaine Torrance.

Song "Sleepy Hollow," with guitar accompaniment, by Alvina and Violet Gieck.

Tap Duet, by Donnie Williamson and Marion Foxon.

Song, "My Blue Heaven," by Mac Becker.

The Mysterious Three—Grace Cameron, George Watt and Corine Friesen.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accordian Solo, by Clarence Reid.

A song number.

Girls Trio—Margaret Wheat, Miley Hunt, Ruth McCreedy, a song number.

Song, "General's Fan A-Sleep" by Martha Rogers.

Graham at the helm.

Tap Dance, by Ellen Trumbley and Clarence Reid.

Music—Dance, by Marion and Donald Williams.

Accord

Lord Tweedsmuir Tells How University Training Enriches Private Life

"My last word to you on the value of university training is that it enables you to feel a deeper life," wrote Lord Tweedsmuir, governor-general of Canada, in the *McGill News*.

"That sounds a shocking piece of advice for your visitor to give you. But it is true that a better life will you will agree that it is sound," the governor-general said as he concluded references to hobbies that "lift the mind out of its groove and give it a happy outlet when it can't constantly think of refreshment. They preserve your vitality and they keep old age at bay."

The university enriched private life, he said, particularly in the intellectual interests which are always there in the background as a refuge and a refreshment.

He had always tried to make out two subjects on which he would be engaged, one which was employed in earning one's bread. "You may call it a hobby but it is a hobby taken quite seriously."

Such interests kept a man or a woman young. Lord Tweedsmuir referred to the late Lord Balfour's leisure from politics for reading the *Times* and *Wall Street Journal*.

He read for three years at Glasgow University where "I had to walk four miles to the 8 o'clock class through all the varieties of unpredictable weather with which Glasgow in winter, forces her children to contend."

He was an inconspicuous student and I won prominence only at the rectorial elections. One especially I remember, where, against my better judgment, I chose to support the Liberal candidate. I had heard of the Liberal candidate, Mr. Asquith, but not of his opponent. I nearly came by my end at the hands of a red-headed Conservative savage, who is now a cabinet minister, Sir Robert Horne."

The session lasted only half the year. "After a winter of hard work I became for six months an unemployed vagabond, living in Scotland on an old bicycle in the quest of trout. I am not sure that long idle summers were not the best part of my education."

Lord Tweedsmuir had "graduated" out of the prig and the prarian in me, and I hope, gave me a reasonable perspective in life." Since then, said Lord Tweedsmuir, who was recently in the United States, "I have had many professions—lawyer, businessman, soldier, government official, politician. But my university life has given me a permanent background, the value of which I would like to suggest to you."

Maintenance of Peace

Everything Depends On Security Of The World

Everything depends on the peace of the world being maintained; there is no use of deceiving ourselves. We are only seventeen years away from the worst world war in history. The things that happened then that will catch us in our memory, will have all the more important thing from that experience. There is no such thing as either side winning a war; everybody loses, not only the ones who are directly engaged in war, but the nations of the people who are not actually engaged. No one can escape the bad effect of a world war, and all thinking people to-day realize that another world war would be disastrous to civilization.—Thomas John Watson in the March "International Conciliation."

A New Bridge

A new bridge in Germany, Berlin, Germany has just been opened. It was solemnly christened "Sausage Bridge." This was because a neighboring sausage manufacturer would only contribute to the building costs if the authorities guaranteed that his sausages should be perpetuated in the stonework.

Nighthawks, birds that fly mostly at night, make their migration flights by day.

Best Ration For Hens

Food Should Be Of Type That Is Easily Digested

W. C. Tully of the Poultry Department at South Dakota State College says that 80 per cent of the feed a hen eats is needed to keep the bird in good condition, to furnish heat and energy. That leaves 20 per cent or 20 pounds out of 100 pounds of feed for eggs. This means that there should be very little waste in the hen's ration.

The story is told of a farmer who was feeding corn ground with the cob, ground oats with hulls, alfalfa, salt, meat scraps, and bran, and wondered why he wasn't getting eggs. He said a dairyman gave him the feed formula and his cows were doing well.

"Some people seem to think that the best feed for hens is to give them kind of feed that is fed to the cows and hogs; and, to some extent, they can. Next time you dress a chicken do it well. Pull out the crop first. How much will it hold?"

"It can hold a lot. You can't even grasp what is seen in the above picture beside the workers putting the finishing touches on the huge vessel. At the back of each funnel, to the top, are three huge ventilators, inside each of which is a stairway to enable members of the crew to descend to the various floors.

THE GREAT FUNNELS OF THE "QUEEN MARY"



The size of the funnels of the new British liner "Queen Mary" is more easily grasped when seen in the above picture beside the workers putting the finishing touches on the huge vessel. At the back of each funnel, to the top, are three huge ventilators, inside each of which is a stairway to enable members of the crew to descend to the various floors.

New Typewriter System

Data And Codes Are Substituted For The Vowels

Based on what psychologists call "kinesthetic perception," Dr. J. Edgar Coover, professor of psychology at Stanford University, California, has invented a new shorthand and typewriting system which he believes will revolutionize present day stenography.

The new shorthand, which will be made "notescipt," is made up of combinations of dots and dashes for the vowels. While not as short as systems now in use, Dr. Coover declares, tests have demonstrated it can be translated directly from code without dimming.

The typewriting system is based on a sense of position, rather than on sight and touch. The student learns a different finger position for each key he touches, becomes a typewriter, and when he is ready to start, his fingers fall naturally into position.

Dr. Coover declares the system is applicable to all individuals, regardless of physical differences.

Largest Fruit In World Not Last Longer

Fence Grows Small End Down Do Not Last Longer

A common belief among farmers that a post will last longer if set in the ground in other words, with the butt end down. The sun position is that in sap is always ascending, or at least that it is easier for the sap to move up than down. As a matter of fact, set or down, either direction, with equal facility, to the contrary is incorrect.

The Ohio agricultural experiment station has a fence 10 feet long, of which 86 were set with the top end up, 39 with the top end down and 31 did not show in what position they were set. At the end of 20 years 90 per cent of the posts set up or down, and four undetermined. Of these 15 were top up, 13 down, and four undetermined. In other words, one-third of those set top down rotted off, compared with one-third of those set top up.

From this and numerous other experiments the conclusion was reached "that there is no difference which end is put in the ground, except that a smaller or larger end will have a tendency to rot."

The decay of a post is mostly at the ground line, since it is there that the conditions of air and moisture are most favorable to the development of rot-causing fungi. Other things being equal, the longer the post the longer it will last.

Prefers Simple Clothes

Ruling 60,000,000 subjects, including 100,000,000 children, Queen Elizabeth of Holland is said to have an income of more than \$5,000,000 a year from the Far Eastern crown lands. This makes her one of the wealthiest women in the world, perhaps, in London, Paris, or Berlin. But she has never dressed up to this distinction. She won't wear a Paris dress or hat. Her clothes are made in Holland, with no fuss about it.

Rabbits Bring Revenue

Three million brack rabbits, whose down will make felt for men's head gear, total the winter's catch in Saskatchewan, and have brought a fortune to the province. \$500,000 in skins, furs, furries have announced. The meat is sold to fox ranchers. A vine court farmer caught 20,000 rabbits.

Some species of cactus have green flowers.

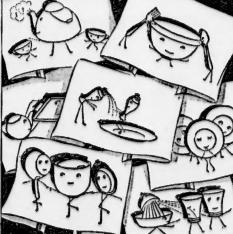
Sea Cucumber Grows On Islands In Indian Ocean

What is the largest fruit? Most persons probably would say, "The coconut, of course." The biggest fruit in the world is the sea cucumber (Sea Cucumber, or double cucumber, as it is sometimes called). This huge fruit grows palm trees in the Seychelles, a group of islands in the Indian Ocean and weighs 100 pounds or more.

It takes 10 years to grow to its full size and another six years to become ripe. Inside a thick, fleshy coat there are from one to three large nuts.

The average life span of an ant is 10 to 12 years.

Just Outline and Running Stitch



PATTERN 5564

Did you ever notice how sometimes as though the entire kitchen has been turned upside down? You will seem twice as gay too, if you've this sprited up of seven tea towels hanging from your rack. They're very easy to do, though all the towels work in quite well. You can use any or many colors, though the basket contains. So send for your pattern now, and get this on your delightfully practical bit of pick-up work.

In pattern 5564 you will find a full page of seven pieces of material averaging 8 1/2 inches square. Suggestions: material required, 100 yards.

To obtain pattern send 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred) to Winnipeg Arts Corp., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published.

Health League Of Canada Making Great Strides In Decreasing Mortality Rate

The Gardens of England

Most Popular One On View Is At Sandringham

People on this side of the Atlantic hear a great deal about the glories of English gardens in the English of the working people, but of the stately homes. When they go over for a trip they visit the places of historic interest and the better known beauty spots, and it is not to be denied that some special towns can be arranged so that they may see many of the most beautiful gardens for a small sum at each place, the money usually being donated by the owner to a local charity or, more often, to the National Health Service.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

—While it is true that great advances have been made in the control of communicable diseases there are other diseases which are at the present time taking too great a toll of life. I have in mind such conditions as heart disease, tuberculosis, influenza and cancer, particularly the latter. Hon. C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and National Health, told the annual meeting of the Ottawa Social Hygiene Association yesterday.

Major General C. G. Power, M.C., Minister of Pensions and

COULD NOT SLEEP because of Headaches!



Now well again and gains weight.

"I used to have headaches so severe I could not sleep. I tried everything. I took some of the best known remedies. In a short time I gained weight and never suffer any more from headaches. I have a friend, Mr. J. Scriver, 238 East St., Kingston, Ont., who has a special remedy. He gives just the right remedy. They contain extracts of APPLES, BANANAS, BERRIES, CUCUMBERS, LEMON, HERBS and work naturally to cleanse and tone up the entire system. Fruits and vegetables are good for you to thousands. Try them today.

FRUIT-A-TIVES A Division of Farnes Doctor's Products

Youth Congress

To Obtain Expression Of Opinion on Peace Policy

A congress of Canadian people will be held in Ottawa, May 23, 24 and 25. Delegates and representatives from youth organizations of every opinion from every part of Canada, will be invited.

The congress is being called to obtain an expression of general youth opinion on "A Peace Policy for Canada" and "Youth in the Canadian Economy." A report will be sought on these problems and will be used as a guide to the Canadian delegation to the World Youth Congress in Geneva in early next year.

New Device To Aid Deaf

Persons Rated 50 Per Cent. Deaf Hear Almost Perfectly

Success in giving 95 per cent. perfect hearing to half deaf persons was announced recently by researchers at a meeting of the Canadian Medical Association.

Deafness is being enlarged to include representatives from all national young people's organizations, including the political groups, and regional organizations from various parts of Canada.

It is being called by a committee under the chairmanship of T. W. L. MacDermot, principal of Upper Canada College. Initiated by the League of Nations Society in Canada and the Canadian Council of the League, the congress will be held at the Canadian delegation to the World Youth Congress in Geneva in early next year.

Persons should not wait to pay its

debts to the United States former Premier Edward Herriot declared in an address to his constituents.

His Majesty has bought an automobile in Canada. It is the first car the King has purchased since his accession to the throne some months ago.

Boys in the Pennsylvania industrial school at Huntingdon, a reformatory, contributed \$300 out of their earnings to help to raise the money to flood relief. The allowance is for their work in the institution.

Eight snake's eggs sent to Pretoria for the Transvaal museum from Orkneyland, hatched on route and when the crate was opened there were eight pythons each nearly two feet long.

Trial plane flights between Ireland and the United States in connection with the proposed trans-Atlantic air mail service may take place this year. Sean Lemass, Free State minister of industry and commerce, said at Dublin.

The building up of a fleet of 4,000 military aeroplanes was unanimously recommended to Congress by the Royal Canadian Air Force. The resolution passed unanimously in the House of Commons of the Canadian Legion in Vancouver.

The resolution stated that "the federal government is not at present giving adequate assistance to the development of Canadian flying in Canada and is strongly urged to bring about without further delay some plan of definite assistance to all commercial operators."

It was recommended that the employment be used in the development and completion of airports in Canada, that the trans-Canada airway be completed and put into operation with as little delay as possible, and that special consideration be given to the northern development of air mail services.

The House committee has been instructed to investigate the powers of the Speaker to hire and fire employees during the dissolution of one parliament and the assembly of another. The motion was made by Premier King.

Book Of Remembrance

Will Contain Approximately 68,000 Names of Canadian Soldiers

Some 10,000 names will be added with the names of the 6,000 to be placed in the memorial chamber of the parliament buildings at Ottawa. J. R. Bowler, general secretary of the Canadian Legion, reported to the annual Dominion convention at Vancouver.

The book will contain approximately 68,000 names of Canadians who gave their lives in the war. Aug. 14, 1914, to April 30, 1922—the date on which the last of the overseas military forces of Canada was demobilized. It will also contain a page without names dedicated to those who have died, or may have died, in causes subsequent to April 30, 1922.

The work of preparing the book of remembrance was begun four years ago by James Purves, heraldic artist and illuminator, of London, Ont.

Canadian Honey In Britain

The "buy British" movement which has been extended to empire productions, is not without its amateurish side. British buyers were getting accustomed to such catch lines as "buy British beef," they were startled by a new one reading "buy Canadian honey and keep Empire bees busy."

Cats are color-blind. They live in a world of grey, monotonous same-

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE— And You'll Jump Out of Bed in the Morning Ready to Go

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

APRIL 5

JESUS MEETING HUMAN NEEDS

Golden text: Come; for all things

are now ready. Luke 14:17.

Lesson: Luke 14.

Devotional reading: Isaiah 65:1-7.

Explanations And Comments

The Parable of the Slighted Invitation. Luke 14:13-14. Jesus' mention of the compensation in the resurrection for the just (verse 14) reminds us of the great compensation of the just in the resurrection. The house (verse 11) of the great feast which, according to Jewish belief, will be under the Messiah's reign, and which is commonly called

"Blessed is he who shall eat bread in the kingdom of God." Jesus told him a parable designed to disabuse his mind of his evident expectation of being a Jew. He would be present as his right hand, said the Master, "blessed indeed are they who eat in the heavenly feast."

You know of the house whom the Kingdom of heaven has prepared for us, said Jesus. What have you done, thou, with this invitation?" I know many who have received it, said the man, and easily teased it aside; are you of that number? "Come now to my story of the divine love," said Jesus.

10 to 12 years to my story of the invited there?" (Spencer.)

What person (who represents the great super-rich) has made many?" said Jesus. "Parables begin." A supper! There is the symbol of the great feast, the symbol of an original mind, not of a learned mind, but of real happiness, the symbol of a feast.

This is his favorite symbol, the symbol of the love of heaven. Here it is a wedding festival, and yet again, it is a wedding festival, and yet again, it is a wedding festival.

He sent forth his servant (Jesus Christ) at supper time to say to those who were invited, "Come, all things are now ready."

Dwight L. Moody, when preaching upon this parable, said, "I have this evening

invited to the invitation to this an-

dition to the invitation." Elihu received this evening through thy servant, the marriage-supper of the Lamb. I have not yet been invited, but I will

not accept it, and be present." Such, however, was not the response of the invited. One after another, with one accord began to make excuse, to "beg off." It is the little spirit of the flesh that was born in the same spirit, though their excuses differed. They had all made their excuses, and had all made their excuses without regard to the banquet, and were they not indifferent.

Particular persons, most of them

students and professors on the campus, are given sound tests running up and down the scale. Usually they hear perfectly the middle range, but when they run up and down the scale, they hear almost perfectly.

The amplifier is adjusted to bolster only their "dead spots" and records are played through it. Listening through earphones, persons rated 50 per cent. deaf have been enabled to hear almost perfectly.

Aviation Expansion

Urge That Royal Canadian Air Force Be Brought Up To Date

Expansion of commercial aviation in Canada and bringing "up to date" the Royal Canadian Air Force were urged in a resolution passed unanimously by the House of Commons by Pensions Minister Power.

Major Power proposed to set up a veterans' assistance commission which will labor to find work for ex-members and generally to carry on research and make investigations on their behalf. It will be a paid commission.

Another measure proposed requires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

Another measure proposed re-

quires the government to insist that the pension appeal court will be given the power to hear cases in the time in which pension applications may be made, limit the payment of retrospective pensions, and generally to clarify and strengthen the Pensions Act.

LLOYD GEORGE WARNS AGAINST MILITARY PACTS

London. — David Lloyd George, Great Britain's wartime prime minister, uttered a dramatic warning of the "danger" of a military convention in the House of Commons.

Speaking on the debate on the European situation following a statement to the house by Anthony Eden, foreign secretary, Lloyd George said:

"The moment you make a military convention, power at a time of crisis passes into the governments to the military men."

Lloyd George, with oratory that held the house spellbound, uttered a dramatic warning against the dangers of a military alliance. The French were taking "an absolutely different road" and had not yet decided the steps to be taken if the powers failed to reach an agreement.

"There ought to be no ambiguity," the foreign minister asserted, "about a subject involving the lives of millions of young men."

He would ask the government: Do military measures come into operation merely upon failure of negotiations? Is there not an act of unpreserved aggression?" He was sorry to see that Eden stood to the military convention.

Dramatically he described how in 1914, when the arrangement had thwarted negotiations and precipitated war. "The military convention is the shortest cut to ghastly mechanical carnage," he declared.

Lloyd George said that war was not defensive. Hitler's break of the Locarno treaty, he said there was a greater crime. "His greatest offence was that in the inflammatory condition of Europe he should have committed such a redoubtable act."

"He organized a torchlight procession through a power magazine and there has been very nearly a very shattering explosion."

Air Attacking Churchill, who as foreign secretary negotiated the Locarno treaty, declared the real issue was whether in the future force or law should prevail.

Unless something could be done to restore confidence in treaties no new treaty would be possible.

Alluding to what other speakers had described as "Hitler's" reassuring message, Churchill said: "I said he claimed: 'You fear plenty of these. What is lacking is reassuring acts.' The German chancellor had offered peace for 25 years, but Germany already was bound to the Kellogg-Briand pact to use war as an instrument of policy."

Referring to Germany's offer to rejoin the League of Nations, Sir Austen said Germany had already indicated it would not do so unless her colonies shortly afterwards.

Alluding to the persecution of Jews in Germany he said: "We have got to recognize that German standards and German ethics are not ours."

He deplored the lack of interest of war in German schools, and remarked it was these big issues, not small matters like the remilitarization of the Rhineland, that were at stake."

Sir Austen dryly described Germany's 1914 diplomacy.

"An ultimatum here, an ultimatum there, another ultimatum somewhere else, each time confronting this country with a situation in which it did not surrender, each time that diplomacy by force, with mailed fist and shining armor, prevailed over reason, arguments, truth and obligation in some case."

"And then the same procedure once too often, and the world in arms, resisting aggression. Unless we learn a lesson, unless the world can be assured that it is not in these ways that the quarrels will be settled, we are steadily marching back to a new 1914."

Letter To King Edward

Toronto—Olivia King's letter to King Edward, in which the couplet in his quintuplets were restored to him but remained to Ontario, it was received from Ottawa by Hon. H. C. Nixon, provincial secretary, who passed it to Agriculture Minister Cyril A. Cross. It is expected to answer the letter, explaining that the king, who has the five babies as his wards, is determined to keep control of them for the present at least.

Top Debris Report

London—Turkish sources in London denied the Turkish government had decided to remilitarize the Dardanelles. British and League of Nations quarters declared they had no knowledge of such a question being raised by Turkey.

New Dionne Film

Fight For Control Of Quintuplets To Be Told In Pictures

Halifax. — Indication the fight of Ottawa to gain control for complete custody of their quintuplet daughters is to be told in pictures was seen in an announcement from the Universal studio.

Canadian Rogers, who recently announced control of the studio, said he had signed Mr. and Mrs. Dionne and their five older children for a screen play titled "Where Are My Children?"

The picture, Rogers said, will be filmed here. He did not disclose when the French-Canadian parents of the quint and their older children, now from Calander, were to go before the cameras.

The Dionnes have sought, through many avenues, to regain custody of the five famous babies, now approaching their second birthdays. The recent reversal, however, had been petitioned by King Edward in the matter a month ago. It was learned the letter had been returned to the governor-general of Canada and eventually forwarded to the Ontario government for a reply.

To Supervise Fisheries Patrol

Appointment For Man Who Resigned Set For Who Was Replaced

Ottawa. — The fisheries position given James J. Larabee of Elgin, P.E.I., who resigned in Quebec to make a vacancy for Finance Minister Dunning, calls for supervision of the fisheries patrol services with a view to effecting economies.

Documents relative to the appointment were tabled in the House of Commons yesterday by Mr. John G. Diefenbaker (Cons., Royal).

Larabee, the fisheries minister, was not defending Hitler's break of the Locarno treaty. He said there was a greater crime. "His greatest offence was that in the inflammatory condition of Europe he should have committed such a redoubtable act."

"He organized a torchlight procession through a power magazine and there has been very nearly a very shattering explosion."

Air Attacking Churchill, who as foreign secretary negotiated the Locarno treaty, declared the real issue was whether in the future force or law should prevail.

Unless something could be done to restore confidence in treaties no new treaty would be possible.

Alluding to what other speakers had described as "Hitler's" reassuring message, Churchill said: "I said he claimed: 'You fear plenty of these. What is lacking is reassuring acts.'

The German chancellor had offered peace for 25 years, but Germany already was bound to the Kellogg-Briand pact to use war as an instrument of policy."

Referring to Germany's offer to rejoin the League of Nations, Sir Austen said Germany had already indicated it would not do so unless her colonies shortly afterwards.

Alluding to the persecution of Jews in Germany he said: "We have got to recognize that German standards and German ethics are not ours."

He deplored the lack of interest of war in German schools, and remarked it was these big issues, not small matters like the remilitarization of the Rhineland, that were at stake."

Sir Austen dryly described Germany's 1914 diplomacy.

"An ultimatum here, an ultimatum there, another ultimatum somewhere else, each time confronting this country with a situation in which it did not surrender, each time that diplomacy by force, with mailed fist and shining armor, prevailed over reason, arguments, truth and obligation in some case."

"And then the same procedure once too often, and the world in arms, resisting aggression. Unless we learn a lesson, unless the world can be assured that it is not in these ways that the quarrels will be settled, we are steadily marching back to a new 1914."

Letter To King Edward

Toronto—Olivia King's letter to King Edward, in which the couplet in his quintuplets were restored to him but remained to Ontario, it was received from Ottawa by Hon. H. C. Nixon, provincial secretary, who passed it to Agriculture Minister Cyril A. Cross. It is expected to answer the letter, explaining that the king, who has the five babies as his wards, is determined to keep control of them for the present at least.

Approve Marketing Act

Prairie Wheat Pool Conclude Conference At Calgary

Calgary. — The Canadian Council of Farmers' Creditors' Arrangement and the grain marketing committee here. He said he had been in conversation with Premier W. J. Patterson and the premier had stated the province would be in no position to prosecute the grain marketing committee and had been informed of this.

The answer was given by the chairman of the board response to a question from a board member. In reply, Mr. McCool said the premier had assured him increases would be given next year.

Canadian Cannot Make Any Ultimatum Until Next Year

Saskatchewan—There will be no increase in Saskatchewan school taxes this year, C. W. McCool, K.C., chairman and the high school committee here. He said he had been in conversation with Premier W. J. Patterson and the premier had stated the province would be in no position to prosecute the grain marketing committee and had been informed of this.

The answer was given by the chairman of the board response to a question from a board member. In reply, Mr. McCool said the premier had assured him increases would be given next year.

Judge of Supreme Court

Ottawa—Dr. J. H. Lapointe, K.C., of Winnipeg, former attorney-general of Manitoba, was appointed to the vacant seat on the bench of the supreme court of Canada, succeeding the late Mr. Justice J. H. L. Lomax. Announcement of the appointment was made by Justice Minister Lapointe after a meeting of cabinet.

Received Inductees

Edmonton—Registration of Alberta citizens who would be eligible for Social Credit basic dividends has been postponed indefinitely. Premier Aherne had said in explaining lack of action since the plan was announced last autumn.

LIVELY DEBATE IN COMMONS OVER WHEAT PAYMENT

Ottawa. — Tempests flashed across the House of Commons when Conservative Leader Mackenzie Bennett accused Agriculture Minister G. G. Gardiner of misleading him with a false report of an order-in-council referring to wheat payments.

In the wildest scene of the session, the former prime minister demanded a full investigation by the minister, but then more than a dozen peers, including Mr. Gardiner, rose to protest.

The facts of the case were these: On Oct. 10, 1935, four days before the election, the Bennett government announced an order-in-council paying for grain of mowers in western prairie farmers who did not receive 60 cents a bushel for the 1934 crop.

The agriculture minister said there was no reason to recall the minister to report to the house, but the order-in-council, a stipulation the money should not be paid until an auditor's certificate was received.

The minister said, after a telegram from Mr. Gardiner, he had been asked to make a statement of fact that grain had been paid.

Mr. Gardiner denied the implication. He related the story, he said, to show the Bennett government, by adding the stipulation relating to the auditor's report, had delayed the payment of the mowers. He said the mowers had not been included in payment could have been made immediately.

Mr. Gardiner insisted the words were added to protect the public treasury and debt was not the government's mind.

The whole scene threw the house into a turmoil which at times ran to heavy drama and at other times to ship-stick comedy.

Mr. Gardiner, referring to his record for integrity and his honor built up through the years which now was being impugned.

There were several periods of comedy with Mr. Bennett and Mr. Gardner arguing for five minutes at a stretch who had the right to speak. At another time the Conservative leader, who had been given the floor, was told to wait until the auditor's report back and forth between them, asking questions and answering them.

Attempting New Hop

Soviet Aviators Will Try Flight Over Franz Josef Land

Moscow. — Soviet flyers will attempt to make the first aerial flight ever attempted over Franz Josef Land, glacial archipelago in the Arctic circle, it was announced.

The two aviators will take off from the Nova Zembla Islands, in the seas north of Russia, and endeavor to fly 400 miles of frozen sea to their destination.

Wheat Board Probe

Soviet Aviators Will Try Flight Over Franz Josef Land

Moscow. — Soviet flyers will attempt to make the first aerial flight ever attempted over Franz Josef Land, glacial archipelago in the Arctic circle, it was announced.

The two aviators will take off from the Nova Zembla Islands, in the seas north of Russia, and endeavor to fly 400 miles of frozen sea to their destination.

Mayor of Cologne Welcomes Troops

Mayor of Cologne Welcomes Troops

Cologne, Germany—The house committee to inquire into the operation of the wheat board chose Hon. W. D. Enderby, minister of trade and commerce, as chairman. He said the committee was established because of changes made by Conservative Leader Bennett in connection with the new wheat board.

The house will be asked to grant the committee a year to give the new wheat board time to prove its worth.

The chairman will appoint a subcommittee of five to prepare a agenda.

NEW DEFENCE HEAD



Sir Thomas Inskip, Attorney-General of Great Britain since 1932, has been named as the new minister to supervise the defence forces of Great Britain.

Requests Immediate Action

Solving Of Railway Problem Asked By Canadian Chamber Of Commerce

Montreal.—"Immediate and effective action to solve our urgent pressing railway problem," was asked by the Canadian Chamber of Commerce in a communication despatched to government authorities to be given to the government.

Mr. J. C. Ross, president of the chamber, said: "The present financial situation of the railways is serious and the chamber is in view of the serious financial situation of Canada."

The chamber also recommended that power to regulate rates and order-in-councils be given to the minister of transport and that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

The chamber recommended that the minister be given power to regulate rates and order-in-councils.

ITALIAN AIR POWER

Says Air Fleet In A Position To Sweep Mediterranean

Rome.—The Italian air fleet is in a position to sweep the Mediterranean. No point in the Mediterranean can be reached by sea.

These bold declarations by General Giuseppe Valle, Italian under-secretary of aviation, sent the chamber of deputies into wild cheers. General Valle, who asserted that Italy's bombing planes, each carrying 3,300 pounds of bombs, could cover every section of the Mediterranean and that war was on the way to being decided. He did not, however, reveal the present strength.

General Valle announced that Italy had completed her reserve fleet and fuel oil for her air fleet and could meet any war contingencies.

Numerous air bases will be maintained in East Africa, even after the war is over, to assist farmers to maintain a market for grain. The province guaranteed bank loans obtained by municipalities for seed purchase. The purpose of the bases is to add to the resources of the federal government in order to enable the lowest possible interest rate to be obtained.

The aggregate amount, which might be guaranteed is \$4,000,000 and a proposal was made that if the federal government should be called upon to make good any portion of the guarantee the province would assume it or the province would have to pay the interest.

The chamber of elevators was told grain elevator charges were being paid instead of guaranteeing the base on which grain would have to pay the interest.

The base on which grain would have to pay the interest would be reduced.

The idea had been considered, said Mr. Dunning. It would involve many complications and the method proposed was similar to the work which was being done to effect Mr. Stevens' desired.

The wheat board grain in elevators all over the west would sell the grain required for seed.

The base on which grain would have to pay the interest would be reduced.

The new one was given effect to.

The new plan, replacing the Washington naval treaty of 1922 and the London treaty of 1932, limited neither the number nor the tonnage of the fleets of the three participating powers, but introduced a new scheme for advance notification of naval exercises.

Delegates to the international conference which shaped the new treaty expressed hope the program would curb any sea armaments race for at least six years.

The new treaty also limited the sizes of the individual types of warships and inaugurated a building holiday for the largest type of cruiser, the plan of the leadership, a building holiday which had endured for 14 years under the existing Washington naval treaty.

The powers hoped the new treaty would go into effect immediately as ratification could be completed to remain in effect until Dec. 31, 1942.

Limitations on the size of battleships remained at 32,000 tons, but some agreement was considered.

In 1940 a possible reduction in size if experiments on new vessels proved practical.

The maximum size of 14 inches was set provisorially at 14 inches, but the signatures of the Washington treaty Britain, United States, France, Italy and Japan must ratify this by Jan. 1, 1937, or the present 16-inch limit will remain in effect.

GUARANTEE SEED GRAIN LOANS FOR SASKATCHEWAN

Ottawa.—Dominion government

guaranteed seed grain loans for Saskatchewan up to a maximum of \$4,000,000 would be authorized under a bill introduced in the House of Commons by Finance Minister Dunning. The bill received first reading after a brief debate.

During the past season considerable damage was caused in the west by rust with the result the grain is not worth as much, said Mr. Dunning. This condition is particularly bad in Saskatchewan.

The Saskatchewan government now had legislation under which it was proposed to assist farmers in obtaining grain loans obtained by municipalities for seed purchase.

The province guaranteed bank loans obtained by municipalities for seed purchase.

During the past season the government had to pay the interest.

The aggregate amount, which might be guaranteed is \$4,000,000 and a proposal was made that if the federal government should be called upon to make good any portion of the guarantee the province would assume it or the province would have to pay the interest.

The term of the guarantee would be three years.

Hon. H. H. Stevens, late Reconstructionist, asked why the government had not had legislation to assist farmers in getting seed grain loans obtained by municipalities for seed purchase.

Western members of the committee were asked to give their views on which elevator charges were being paid instead of guaranteeing the base on which grain would have to pay the interest.

The base on which grain would have to pay the interest would be reduced.

The idea had been considered, said Mr. Dunning. It would involve many complications and the method proposed was similar to the work which was being done to effect Mr. Stevens' desired.

The wheat board grain in elevators all over the west would sell the grain required for seed.

The base on which grain would have to pay the interest would be reduced.

The new one was given effect to.

The new plan, replacing the Washington naval treaty of 1922 and the London treaty of 1932, limited neither the number nor the tonnage of the fleets of the three participating powers, but introduced a new scheme for advance notification of naval exercises.

Delegates to the international conference which shaped the new treaty expressed hope the program would curb any sea armaments race for at least six years.

The new treaty also limited the sizes of the individual types of warships and inaugurated a building holiday for the largest type of cruiser, the plan of the leadership, a building holiday which had endured for 14 years under the existing Washington naval treaty.

The powers hoped the new treaty would go into effect immediately as ratification could be completed to remain in effect until Dec. 31, 1942.

Limitations on the size of battleships remained at 32,000 tons, but some agreement was considered.

In 1940 a possible reduction in size if experiments on new vessels proved practical.

The maximum size of 14 inches was set provisorially at 14 inches, but the signatures of the Washington treaty Britain, United States, France, Italy and Japan must ratify this by Jan. 1, 1937, or the present 16-inch limit will remain in effect.

The bill received first reading after a brief debate.

During the past season considerable damage was caused in the west by rust with the result the grain is not worth as much, said Mr. Dunning. This condition is particularly bad in Saskatchewan.

The Saskatchewan government now had legislation under which it was proposed to assist farmers in getting seed grain loans obtained by municipalities for seed purchase.

The province guaranteed bank loans obtained by municipalities for seed purchase.

During the past season the government had to pay the interest.

The aggregate amount, which might be guaranteed is \$4,000,000 and a proposal was made that if the federal government should be called upon to make good any portion of the guarantee the province would assume it or the province would have to pay the interest.

The wheat board grain in elevators all over the west would sell the grain required for seed.

The base on which grain would have to pay the interest would be reduced.

The idea had been considered, said Mr. Dunning. It would involve many complications and the method proposed was similar to the work which was being done to effect Mr. Stevens' desired.

The wheat board grain in elevators all over the west would sell the grain required for seed.

The base on which grain would have to pay the interest would be reduced.

The new one was given effect to.

The new plan, replacing the Washington naval treaty of 1922 and the London treaty of 1932, limited neither the number nor the tonnage of the fleets of the three participating powers, but introduced a new scheme for advance notification of naval exercises.

Delegates to the international conference which shaped the new treaty expressed hope the program would curb any sea armaments race for at least six years.

The new treaty also limited the sizes of the individual types of warships and inaugurated a building holiday for the largest type of cruiser, the plan of the leadership, a building holiday which had endured for 14 years under the existing Washington naval treaty.

The powers hoped the new treaty would go into effect immediately as ratification could be completed to remain in effect until Dec. 31, 1942.

Limitations on the size of battleships remained at 32,000 tons, but some agreement was considered.

In 1940 a possible reduction in size if experiments on new vessels proved practical.

The maximum size of 14 inches was set provisorially at 14 inches, but the signatures of the Washington treaty Britain, United States, France, Italy and Japan must ratify this by Jan. 1, 1937, or the present 16-inch limit will remain in effect.

The bill received first reading after a brief debate.

During the past season considerable damage was caused in the west by rust with the result the grain is not worth as much, said Mr. Dunning. This condition is particularly bad in Saskatchewan.

The Saskatchewan government now had legislation under which it was proposed to assist farmers in getting seed grain loans obtained by municipalities for seed purchase.

The province guaranteed bank loans obtained by municipalities for seed purchase.

During the past season the government had to pay the interest.

The aggregate amount, which might be guaranteed is \$4,000,000 and a proposal was made that if the federal government should be called upon to make good any portion of the guarantee the province would assume it or the province would have to pay the interest.

The wheat board grain in elevators all over the west would sell the grain required for seed.

The base on which grain would have to pay the interest would be reduced.

The idea had been considered, said Mr. Dunning. It would involve many complications and the method proposed was similar to the work which was being done to effect Mr. Stevens' desired.

The wheat board grain in elevators all over the west would sell the grain required for seed.

The base on which grain would have to pay the interest would be reduced.

The new one was given effect to.

The new plan, replacing the Washington naval treaty of 1922 and the London treaty of 1932, limited neither the number nor the tonnage of the fleets of the three participating powers, but introduced a new scheme for advance notification of naval exercises.

Delegates to the international conference which shaped the new treaty expressed hope the program would curb any sea armaments race for at least six years.

The new treaty also limited the sizes of the individual types of warships and inaugurated a building holiday for the largest type of cruiser, the plan of the leadership, a building holiday which had endured for 14 years under the existing Washington naval treaty.

The powers hoped the new treaty would go into effect immediately as ratification could be completed to remain in effect until Dec. 31, 1942.

THE CARBON CHRONICLE

Issued Every Thursday at
CARBON, ALBERTAMember Alberta Division Canadian
Weekly News Publishers Association
EDOUARD J. ROULEAU,
Editor and Publisher

GRAND CIRCLE TOUR

Start from Carbon and make a complete tour of the Western, Southern, and Eastern States. Trip may be started either from East of West. Stopovers allowed anywhere, and the round-trip ticket costs only—

\$99.25

Nearly 10,000 miles of Bus Travel
See Local Agents Phyllis Smith

RED BUS LINES
HEAD OFFICE: DRUMHELLER

THEATRE

THURSDAY, APRIL 9

Garry Cooper in

"THE LIVES OF A
BENGAL LANCER"Jacques Funeral
Home

CALGARY, ALTA.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND
EMBALMERS

L. POXON, Agent CARBON

FOR SATISFACTORY
DRAYING
AND REASONABLE
PRICES, PHONE
JAS. SMITH
AT 44TOWN & COUNTY
Personalographs

Sam Jesse has moved the Fix-It shop into the old Carbon Confectionery building next to the laundry.

FOR SALE—Remington 22 repeating rifle in good condition. Cheap to cash. Apply at Chronicle Office. 19

Andrew Buyer returned from the hospital on Tuesday, after undergoing a successful operation for appendicitis.

Rev. A. Iermann was a Calgary visitor this week, going in on Tuesday.

Tomorrow is Good Friday and a public holiday. All places of business in town will be closed.

Lawrence Paxton of Drumheller was a visitor in Carbon on Tuesday.

Clarence Hay spent the weekend at his home in Carbon.

The Stampede and Sports Meeting, called for April 1st, has been postponed until Wednesday evening, April 15th, at 8 p.m. in the Municipal office.

Mr. and Mrs. H.R. Davidson and

SANITARY
BARBER SHOP

(Next Door to Club Cafe)

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HAIR
BOBBING OUR SPECIALTY

BABE FULLER, Proprietor

WINTER BROTHERS
FUNERAL HOME

Next to Town Hall, Drumheller

Have a branch in Carbon with stock in charge of Mr. Guttmann, of the Carbon Trading Company.

Ambulance Service Day and Night

'A modern service at a moderate price'



CANADIANS AND THEIR INDUSTRIES—AND THEIR BANK

• TRUCK GARDENING •

TRUCK FARMER: "Ah, Sally, my dear, that lumbermilk does taste good! Hot work, you know. This truck farming...."

FARMER'S WIFE: "Don't call it truck farming, Sam! Call it live-fresh-vegetable farming. That's what it really is, and you're helping to keep healthy a lot of families, including your own."

FARMER: "You always do see the ideal side of this tough job. You're right, too. We are in a and that's the business. Perhaps that is why the Bank of Montreal is always willing to co-operate with me."

WIFE: "That reminds me, Sam! Your note at the bank will soon be due."

FARMER: "Don't worry about that, Sally. You

know we have enough in our joint account to pay off that loan and leave a nice balance. How are the savings accounts coming along for the children?"

FARMER: "Just as fast as the children are growing. I never forget to make the regular weekly deposit we agreed to, and every now and then I deposit a little extra—from the butter and eggs. Well, I'm able to educate the babies. Run along now, Sam, and finish that patch before dinner."

SOME OF THE BANK'S SERVICES TO FARMERS: Business and household accounts, savings accounts; safety deposit boxes; safekeeping of valuable papers; loans for labour, implements, fertilizer and seed; money orders; travellers' cheques; trade information; banking by mail.

BANK OF MONTREAL
ESTABLISHED 1817 • HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

Carbon Branch: C. L. MacGREGOR, Manager

MODERN, EFFICIENT BANKING SERVICES THE OUTCOME OF 118 YEARS' SUCCESSFUL OPERATION

MR. FARMER!

THE INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY
INVITES YOU TO INSPECT THEIR SPRING HARVESTER IMPLEMENTS
NOW ON DISPLAY AT THEIR CARBON WAREHOUSE.

OUR HARROW PLOW WITH SEEDING ATTACHMENT
IS SECOND TO NONE IN CONSTRUCTION AND PERFORMANCE

OUR DISC DRILLS ARE ALSO TOP NOTCHERS

OTHER MACHINES ON DISPLAY INCLUDE—
CULTIVATORS—DISC HARROWS—TRACTORS—
CREAM SEPARATORS—ETC.

I. H. C. AGENT

S. N. WRIGHT CARBON, ALTA

AGENT FOR ELEPHANT BRAND FERTILIZER



If it's grain . . . Ask us!
PARRISH & HEIMBECKER LTD.

Grain Receivers, Shippers and Exporters
An old established firm with a reputation
for doing business right.

Head office—Grain Exchange Bldg., Winnipeg
BRANCHES—CALGARY—EDMONTON—LETHBRIDGE

PLACE YOUR ORDER NOW FOR

TRACTOR DISTILLATE
AND GASOLINE
FOR YOUR SPRING WORKPOLARINE, MARVELUBE AND
MOBILOL MOTOR OILSIMPERIAL OIL COMPANY
ALEC POXON, Agent. Phone 414Stay at the
GROSVENOR
in Vancouver, B.C.

The great lounge, the open fireice, the writing rooms are very homelike and combined with good sleeping rooms and a popular dining room, makes your stay in Vancouver a very happy one.



**MIDLAND & PACIFIC GRAIN
COMPANY, LIMITED**

Calgary, Winnipeg, Edmonton, Vancouver
Country Elevators at Principal Points in
Alberta, Terminal Elevator at North Vancouver, B.C., capacity 1,000,000 bushels.
Members: Winnipeg, Edmonton, Ex.
A.C. RANDALL, C.W. ROENISCH,
President, General Manager



IT'S SPRING TIME

—and Time for

BOCK
BEER

ON DRAUGHT AND IN BOTTLES

The Healthful, Spring Tonic Beverage

NOW AVAILABLE AT ALL

Government Vendor's Stores
and Warehouses

AND

Licensed Hotels and Clubs